TEIGNMOUTH & DAWLISH RURAL NEIGHBOURHOOD GAZETTE



POLICE

PC Clarke Orchard

MARCH 2022. | VOL. 8

WELCOME TO TEIGNMOUTH & DAWLISH RURAL NEIGHBOURHOOD TEAM'S MONTHLY GAZETTE...

This monthly newsletter will host all the essential information you need to know about your local area from your Teignmouth & Dawlish Rural Neighbourhood Police Team.





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BOAT WATCH

Property and crime prevention

What is Boat Watch?

Boat Watch is a community scheme. It operates in the same way as a <u>Neighbourhood Watch scheme</u>. The scheme is run by the community, for the community, and is supported by a number of agencies such as the police, fire service and local councils. Boat Watch is linked locally, to the <u>National Maritime Project Kraken</u>, which delivers enhanced counterterrorism vigilance with the aim of increasing public safety.

There are dedicated community coordinators in each individual Boat Watch area. Each co-ordinator has a direct link to a local policing team. This allows us to share information about criminal, anti-social and suspicious behaviour in your area.

The aims of the scheme is to:

- Increase the prevention and detection of marine related crime
- Increase community engagement between individual members, the police and other marine related groups
- Reduce the fear of crime in your community
- Increase public confidence in the police and other involved agencies.

What are the benefits of being a member of the Boat Watch scheme?

- Access to Devon and Cornwall Alert (early information regarding crimes or suspicious behaviour)
- Advice on how to report suspicious activity
- Access to your local policing team and Boat Watch co-ordinator

- Provision of regular marine crime information in your area
- Information about security products that reduce theft and increase the chance of offenders being caught
- Details on how to register your property and search for details of stolen property prior to buying boats or equipment
- Opportunities to purchase property marking kits at reduced rates
- Stickers for your boat/equipment showing it is security marked
- Opportunities to organise/attend events e.g. free fire safety checks, free security surveys of boats and harbours
- Opportunities to provide content for newsletters.

Requirements of becoming a member Boat Watch is a free scheme, anyone from the boating community can join but we request that you:

- Register your property
- Register your details with Devon
 and Cornwall Alert
- Contact your local policing team to find out who your local boat watch co-ordinator is.

Member benefits include the option to purchase:

- A Boat Watch outboard engine cover and/or
- A marine marking kit complete with overt stickers to deter offenders.

How do I register my property?

- You can register details of your property free of charge at Secure Asset Register
- Police can search this site for lost or stolen property
- You can search Stolen Boats free of charge prior to purchasing a boat or equipment to check whether it is registered as stolen
- This site is updated by the marine insurance industry and police.

If you see anything suspicious please report it by:

- Emailing the police
- Talking to your local policing team
- Giving information anonymously to Crimestoppers by calling 0800 555 111 or by email using their secure online form at Crimestoppers
- Calling the confidential Anti-Terrorist Hotline - 0800 789321
- 999 emergency where life is threatened, people are injured, offenders are nearby or if immediate action is required.

We need more co-ordinators If you would like to become a coordinator please contact your local policing team. We have space for more than one co-ordinator in each area!





PROJECT KRAKEN

Project Kraken is a joint law enforcement operation tackling maritime border crime around over 11,000 miles of British mainland coastline, which can be exploited by terrorists and serious criminals.

Whether you work in the maritime industry, are a keen sailor, or are just walking along the coast, you should report any unusual or suspicious activity near the UK coastline and in maritime environments immediately.

This could include:

- Boats arriving at unusual times or to isolated locations
- People taking an interest in port security or buildings
- Nervous crew who show a lack of maritime protocols
- People making attempts to signal or guide boats offshore
- People making a large cash payment for maritime equipment
- People being somewhere they shouldn't be
- Boats showing signs of unusual modification or minor damage



Call the police on 101 or report online: gov.uk/report-border-crime

operation tackling maritime border crime in the UK

Don't ignore it, report it

If you see anything unusual or suspicious you can <u>report it online</u>. You can call the police on 101. If it is an emergency, call 999.



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FARM WATCH

Property and crime prevention

What is Farm Watch?

Farm Watch is a scheme which operates in a similar way to a Neighbourhood Watch scheme. The scheme is run for, and by, members of the farming community and is supported by the police.

There are dedicated community coordinators in each individual Farm Watch area. Each co-ordinator has a direct link to a local policing team. This allows us to share information about criminal, anti-social and suspicious behaviour in your area to prevent crime.

The aims of the scheme is to:

- Increase the prevention and detection of farm related crime
- Increase community engagement between individual members, the police and other farming related groups
- Reduce the fear of crime in your community
- Increase public confidence in the police and other involved agencies.

What are the benefits of being a member of the Farm Watch scheme?

- Access to Devon and Cornwall Alert (early information regarding crimes or suspicious behaviour)
- Advice on how to report suspicious activity
- Access to your local policing team and Farm Watch co-ordinator
- Provision of regular farm crime information in your area
- Information about security products that reduce theft and increase the chance of offenders being caught
- Details on how to register your property and search for details of stolen property prior to buying farm equipment
- Opportunities to purchase property marking kits at reduced rates
- Signs and stickers for your premises and equipment showing that you are a member of a police supported initiative
- Opportunities to organise/attend events e.g. free security surveys of farms and equipment
- Opportunities to provide content for newsletters.
- Requirements of becoming a member



Farm Watch is a free scheme, anyone from the farming or rural community can join but we request that you:

- 1. Register your property <u>(see</u> <u>property marking</u> information)
- 2. Register your details with <u>Devon and Cornwall Alert</u>
- 3.Contact your local Farm Watch co-ordinator. Please contact your <u>local policing</u> <u>team</u> for more details.

In addition you may wish to extend your involvement even further by becoming a coordinator or <u>police volunteer</u>. Please contact your <u>local</u> <u>policing team</u> for more details.

How do I register my property?

- You can register details of your property free of charge at <u>www.immobilise.com</u>
- You can have your own
 password protected
 account
- Police can search this site for lost or stolen property.

Help to prevent crime and make the effort to <u>Mark it and</u> <u>Register it</u>.

Before buying - Check it. Ask to see all relevant documentation such as the original bill of sale, health & safety certificate, licence, etc. If the price seems too good to be true it probably is. If you are unsure of the authenticity of the sale don't proceed.

https://www.devoncornwall.police.uk/media/8617 09/boat-watch-a5-booklet.pdf



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HORSE WATCH

What is Horse Watch Horse?

Watch is a scheme which operates in a similar way to a Neighbourhood Watch scheme. The scheme is run for, and by members of the equestrian community and is supported by the police. The UK Horse Watch Alliance links Horse Watch schemes from around the country.

There are dedicated community contacts in each Horse Watch area. Each contact has a direct link to a local policing team. This allows us to share information about criminal, anti-social and suspicious behaviour in your area to prevent crime.

The aims of the scheme are to:

- Increase the prevention and detection of equine related crime
- Increase community engagement between individual members, The police and other equine related groups
- Reduce the fear of crime in your community • Increase public confidence in the police and other involved agencies.

What are the benefits of being a member of the Horse Watch scheme?

- Access to Devon and Cornwall Alert (early information regarding crimes or suspicious behaviour)
- Advice on how to report suspicious activity
- Access to your local policing and Horse Watch teams
- Provision of regular equestrian related crime information in your area
- Information about security products that reduce theft and increase the chance of offenders being caught

- Details on how to register your property, mark tack and search for details of stolen property prior to buying equipment
- Opportunities to purchase property marking kits at reduced rates
- Stickers for your equipment showing it is security marked
- Opportunities to organise/attend events e.g. fire safety checks and/or free security surveys of outbuildings and equipment
- Opportunities to provide content for newsletters

Becoming a member Horse Watch is a scheme that anyone can join but we request that you:

1. Register your property

2. Register your details with Devon and Cornwall Alert

3. For your Horse Watch team see details on the back of this booklet.

Member benefits include:

Horse Watch signs and/or Tack marking opportunity and overt stickers to deter offenders.

How do I register my property?

- You can register details of your property free of charge at www.immobilise.com
- You can have your own password protected account
- Police can search this site for lost or stolen property.

Help to prevent crime and make the effort to Mark it and Register it. Before buying - Check it. Ask to see all relevant documentation such as the original bill of sale, health & safety certificate, licence, etc. If the price seems too good to be true it probably is. If you are unsure of the authenticity of the sale don't proceed.

If you see anything suspicious - please report it by:

- Emailing the police -
- 101@dc.police.uk · Talking to your local policing team
- Calling the police non-emergency
 number 101
- Giving information anonymously to Crimestoppers by calling 0800 555 111 or by email using their secure online form at www.crimestoppersuk.org/give-information • Calling the confidential Anti-Terrorist Hotline -0800 789321
- 999 emergency where life is threatened, people are injured, offenders are nearby or if immediate action is required.

We need more volunteers If you would like to volunteer for Horse Watch, please email your Horse Watch team (details are on the back of this booklet).





SHELLFISH HARVESTING INFORMATION







Devon and Severn IFCA Brixham Laboratory Freshwater Quarry Brixham TQ5 8BA Tel: 01803 854648

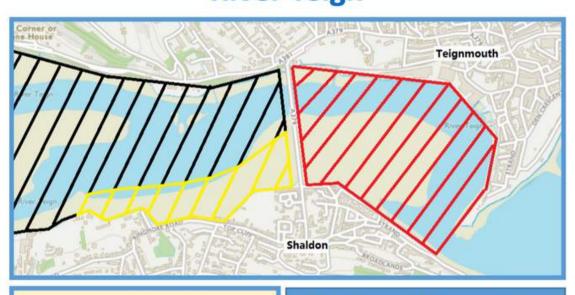
Health Warning

Avoid collecting shellfish after heavy rain as its safety may be affected. Shellfish can contain harmful bacteria and viruses and should be cooked for at least 3 minutes before eating. Teignbridge District Council Environmental Health Newton Abbot TQ12 4XX Tel: 01626 215420

The information in this leaflet is subject to change at any time Last updated on the 10.03.2021



SHELLFISH HARVESTING INFORMATION Public Collection of Shellfish River Teign



Permitted Gathering

The areas you can legally take shellfish from are indicated here. Failure to stick to the permitted area may result in prosecution.

KEY



You must avoid this area as it is commercially sensitive. Collecting shellfish from this area can result in prosecution



No mussels can be taken from this area. Collecting mussels from this area can result in prosecution. Contact D&S IFCA for more information

Only cockles and clams

can be taken from this



area

Further Information

D&S IFCA Temporary Closure orders -

 www.devonandsevernifca.gov.uk/En forcement-Legislation/Temporary-Closure-of-Shellfish-Beds

Water Quality Information -

 www.cefas.co.uk/data-andpublications /shellfish-classificationand-microbiologicalmonitoring/england-andwales/shellfish-monitoring-results/

Commercial Collection -

 www.food.gov.uk/businessguidanceindustry-specificadvice/fish-and-shellfish

Protect Stocks Please do not collect small oysters. All winkles must be above 16mm



SHELLFISH HARVESTING INFORMATION

Public Collection of Shellfish River Exe



Further Information

D&S IFCA Temporary Closure Orders -

 www.devonandsevernifca.gov.uk/Enforcement-Legislation/Temporary-Closure-of-Shellfish-Beds

Information on Water Quality -

 www.cefas.co.uk/data-and-publications/shellfish-classification-andmicrobiological-monitoring/england-and-wales/shellfish-monitoring-results/

Commercial Collection -

www.food.gov.uk/business-guidanceindustry-specific-advice/fish-and-shellfish

Protect Stocks

Please do not collect small oysters. All winkles must be above 16mm



NEIGHBOURHOOD SPEED WATCH REPORT

Key information:

- Teams of police volunteers and/or police officers/police community support officers will stand at the side of the road monitoring traffic.
- Speeding vehicles will be recorded and warning letters will be sent to the vehicle owner together with educational information.
- Persistent offenders with receive a further warning letter, and possibly a visit from their local neighbourhood policing team to deliver some words of advice. Persistent offenders that ignore the warnings will not receive any further letters, but will be given a fixed penalty ticket or summonsed to court should the circumstances allow.
- All sessions are carried out in accordance with strict guidelines at risk assessed sites.





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NEIGHBOURHOOD ISSUES & ASB

Anti-social behaviour (ASB)

You do not have to put up with antisocial behaviour. We, along with our partner agencies, have a range of powers available to us for dealing with anti-social behaviour.

It is important that you report instances of anti-social behaviour.

Examples of anti-social behaviour and who to report it to:

- Vandalism is a crime. (Complete the online crime reporting form or email <u>101</u>). If it is taking place and immediate action is required call 999.
- Craffiti is a crime (Complete the online crime reporting form or email <u>101</u>). If it is taking place and immediate action is required call 999.
- Speeding (Report to <u>Local policing</u> <u>team</u>)
- Littering/fly tipping (Report to your local council)
- Dog fouling (Report to your local council, <u>dog warden</u>)
- Nuisance neighbours (Report to your <u>local council</u>, <u>environmental</u> <u>protection</u> or to your housing association)
- Intimidating groups taking over public spaces (Report to <u>Local</u> <u>policing team</u>)
- Inconsiderate parking (Report to Council <u>Parking Enforcement</u>)

Report anti-social behaviour to your local council as well as the police, you can also report anti-social behaviour to your <u>local council</u>. Your local council will have a named person or a dedicated phone number where you can report anti-social behaviour.

Neighbour harassment

Problem with the neighbours For harassment to be committed, there must be two or more related occurrences.

The behaviour does not have to be violent in nature.

The behaviour would need to have caused some alarm or distress. The further apart the incidents are, the less likely that an offence of harassment has occurred.

However, all the circumstances of the incident will be taken into account when determining whether or not an offence has been committed.

The law takes into account the reasonable person test. The offender must also be aware that the course of conduct they are pursuing would cause the victim to be alarmed or distressed.

There are two ways you can deal with the situation; through the police or the civil courts. If you decide to start civil proceedings, you can contact <u>Citizens</u> <u>Advice</u>. Where there are threats of violence you should always inform the police who will treat the matter as a high priority.

If you are in immediate danger dial 999, otherwise use the police <u>non-emergency</u> <u>service.</u>

Your local <u>Victim Care Unit</u> provides support and will be able to signpost you to the most appropriate local and national organisations.



Noise nuisance

Before you report a noise complaint from a private dwelling

The noise must be regular and intrusive and likely to have a negative impact on the neighbourhood and or possible impacts on the health and well-being of those nearby.

Please keep a diary of when and where the noise takes place and for how long. A recording of the noise taken from where and when it most affects you maybe useful.

Please talk to your neighbour who may not be aware of how loud the noise is. This more often than not will resolve the issue.

Report noise complaints

Home owner:

If you own your home always report to your <u>council's environmental officer</u>.

Rented:

If you are in rented accommodation report to your housing asscoication or your landlord.

Useful contact information

Please visit the '<u>Can they help</u>' page for council and environmental team contact information.

To log a noise complaint with us:

- Please complete the online <u>101 nonemergency form</u> and give as much information as you can, including times, dates and address of where the noise is coming from.
- or check who your <u>local policing</u> <u>team</u> is and attend one of their local meetings.
- or check who your <u>local policing</u> <u>team</u> is and complete one of their online forms and give as much information as you can, including times, dates and address of where the noise is coming from.



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NEIGHBOURHOOD ISSUES & ASB CONTINUED...

Nuisance and abandoned vehicles

Abandoned vehicles:

Abandoned vehicles are expensive to remove, have a negative impact on the environment, look unsightly and can lower the quality of life in neighbourhoods. They can be the result of, or lead to crime, they take up valuable parking spaces and can quickly become dangerous when vandalised or filled with hazardous waste (they are often used as skips).

There is a risk of explosion or injury, they can leak dangerous fluids, which can catch fire or run into the water stream and they are often burnt out, which can endanger lives, property and the environment. Abandoned vehicle removal and disposal is the responsibility of local authorities.

Please visit the <u>Can they help</u> page for links to their websites and phone numbers.

Nuisance vehicles:

Abandoned vehicles often get confused with nuisance vehicles. An abandoned vehicle is always a nuisance, but a nuisance vehicle is not always abandoned. A nuisance vehicle could be any of the following:

- Poorly parked;
- Causing an obstruction;
- Involved in residential parking disputes;
- Broken down;
- Untaxed.

Abandoned vehicles and the law: Local authorities are under a duty under Section 3 of the Refuse Disposal (Amenity) Act 1978, to remove a vehicle which is abandoned in their area, on any land in the open air, or on any other land forming part of a highway.

However, this does not cover vehicles abandoned on private land. Under this Act, abandoning a vehicle is a criminal offence, carrying a maximum penalty of a fine of £2,500 or three months' imprisonment, or both.

Notice periods effective in England: Vehicles that the local authority considers to have some value can be removed immediately, although the written notice period to the last registered keeper before a vehicle can be destroyed is seven days; For vehicles that the local authority considers to have no value - the statutory notice period is 24 hours; If a vehicle is abandoned on private land, the owner/occupier of the land may be served with a 15-day notice by the local authority.

The notice informs them of the intention to remove the vehicle, and they have 15 days to object.



Local authorities also have the power to recover costs of removal, storage and disposal from the person responsible for abandoning the vehicle.

The police have powers under the Removal and Disposal of Vehicle Regulations 1986 to remove any vehicle that is in breach of local traffic regulations, causing an obstruction, likely to cause a danger, broken down or abandoned without lawful authority.

The police can remove a vehicle to which a notice has been affixed by the local authority that has deteriorated to a dangerous wreck immediately.

What can you do to improve the problem?

As a resident or a vehicle owner, you have a role to play. Abandoning a vehicle is illegal and dangerous and it can ruin the appearance of your neighbourhood. As a resident, you can help by reporting vehicles which you believe to be abandoned, to your local authority. The following points will help you:

What information is needed to report an abandoned vehicle?

- Vehicle make, model and colour;
- Vehicle registration number if
- known;
- Condition of the vehicle (detailing any vandalism, damage to the vehicle that has already occurred);
- Location of the vehicle (be as specific as possible and also note if the vehicle has been left in a location that may cause obstruction or danger to others, such as on or near a pedestrian crossing, close to a road junction, in a designated garage area);
- How long the vehicle has been abandoned (if known);
- Any other information you feel is appropriate (e.g. who was the last person to be seen in the vehicle, any indication of who the vehicle may belong to, if people are congregating around the vehicle during the evening hours).

Who should you report an abandoned vehicle to?

Your local authority. Please visit the <u>Can they help</u> page for links to their websites and phone numbers.



POACHING

Police teams across Devon and Cornwall are asking for the public's help to report poachers in rural areas of the region.

The last few years have shown it is not about the lone poacher taking something home for his larder, but an organised operation where deer, fish and livestock end up in the food chain, via restaurants, hotels or meat suppliers.

Environmental contamination can occur as a result of unhygienic processing by people operating outside of the legal obligations.

A number of potential health risks have been associated with wild venison such as Tuberculosis and E.coli.



Do you know anyone who:

- Poaches deer or fish?
- Trespasses with dogs or firearms?
- Is involved in illegal slaughtering?
- Has a food business selling meat and fish illegally poached or processed?

Help stop this crime - contact us anonymously with information



CONTACT INFORMATION

If you noticed anything suspicious in your area you can call Crimestoppers anonymously on <u>0800 555 111</u>.

Alternatively you can email 101 <u>101@devonandcornwall.pnn.police.uk</u> or in an emergency call 999.





PROPERTY MARKING

Mark all valuable electrical items and sentimental property from your house, garage, shed and vehicles.

Mark it, register it, keep it. Don't regret it!

Marking your property is an extremely effective method of deterring thieves from stealing your property.

If your property is clearly identified it will be more difficult for the thief to sell and often reduces the value to the thief. Marking your property also increases the chances of having it returned to you in the event of it being lost or stolen.

What property should I mark?

Mark all valuable electrical items and sentimental property in your house, garage, shed and vehicles.

Electrical items such as:

- Flat screen TVs
- Laptops/computers
- Satellite navigation systems
- Games consoles
- MP3 players
- Mobile phones
- Digital cameras
- Video cameras
- Audio systems

Other valuable items such as:

- Jewellery
- Bikes
- Power tools
- Lawnmowers
- Sporting equipment

Why should I register my property?

Once you have marked your property, registering your property will help if you need to make an insurance claim or report a crime to the police.

Registering property helps to combat the sale of stolen goods by alerting the second-hand trade of ownership through the unique markings you have put on your property.

We recommend you register your property and details with one of the national providers which includes Selectamark,Immobilise, Smartwater at which the service can be provided and to which the police have access. The websites are used by many police forces throughout the country to help identify the owner of lost and stolen goods.



What do I need to do now?

- 1.Identify possessions that you want to mark.
- 2. Choose the method most suitable for each your items of property, they may be different for each item.
- 3. Purchase the relevant property marking product.
- 4. Mark your property.
- 5. Record property details in this booklet as well as on the chosen database service web site
- 6. Place a property marking window sticker near your front or back door. Stickers may be provided by the company that provides your marking product.

How do I mark my property?

It is very easy – mark your property with a clear identification mark, which cannot be erased easily. Use your house name or number followed by the postcode e.g. 75 EX2 7TG.

Where do I mark my property?

Where you mark your property is important. If you want the mark to be out of sight choose somewhere behind or underneath the article, but make sure the police can find it.

Types of property marking available There are several ways to mark your property depending on the property you want to mark.

There is a wide variety of property marking kits available to buy on the internet from invisible options like UV pens to permanent visible markings like engraving. Ultra-violet marking pens - invisible and

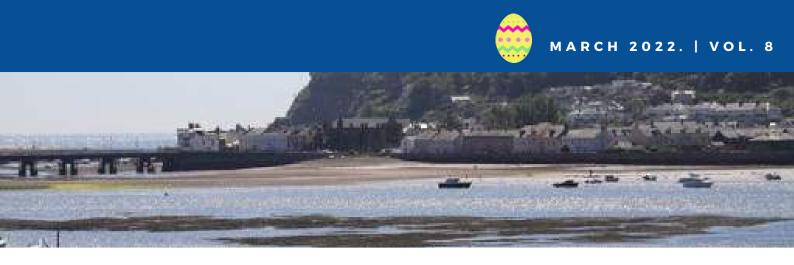
semi permanent.

An ultra-violet (UV) pen puts an invisible mark on your property, which can only be seen under UV light.

UV marking is one of the most popular methods of marking property, as it is an inexpensive way of marking property, which doesn't reduce the value.

UV ink can fade over a period of 12 months if exposed to strong sunlight or heat. Marking should be reapplied on a regular basis.

Mark it, protect it, don't regret it



PROPERTY MARKING CONTINUED...

Property marking solutions - invisible and permanent

There are different types of solutions that can be used for marking property. These solutions contain unique elements of either:

- 1. DNA
- 2.UV
- 3. Micro dot

Once you have put this clear solution on your property it can only be visible under UV light. When you've marked your property and registered your contact details on the company's database this makes the property traceable and identifiable to you and only you.

This is suitable for a wide variety of property at home, in your vehicle, garage and shed. It can be used on all electrical equipment, sentimental items such as jewellery, antiques, and paintings and on motorised vehicles, bikes and machinery. Marking your property makes it traceable and less attractive to thieves.

Engraving techniques - permanent and visible:

- Engraving
- Property can be engraved by using scribing pens, ceramic marking pens or electric hand engravers.
- Etching- this is a method that applies a unique reference to your property using a chemical solution and stencil.

You can use either of these methods to mark china, glass, any glazed surfaces, bikes, lawnmowers, engines and other heavy metal objects.

Labels - semi permanent and visible Labels can be applied as a visible deterrent to property.

They can be tamper resistant or glued on with specialist adhesive that is difficult to remove. Some products leave a UV trace if removed.These will act as deterrent to thieves as well as making the property traceable and less sellable. Whichever method you use, the mark should be so secure that removing it would damage the property or affect how the item performs.

Electronic Register:

When you buy items, such as expensive electrical equipment, the companies may allow you to record the details of your purchase electronically. Your details will then be held on their database and can normally be accessed by a security code.

Photography:

It is always a good idea to keep a photographic record of your items whether of sentimental or financial value. This is particular important if you own antiques, jewellery, paintings and property of high value or sentimental value. Taking a photo can also be useful when claiming from your insurance or reporting a theft to the police.

Why should I register my property?

Once you have marked your property, registering your property will help if you need to make an insurance claim or report a crime to the police. Registering property helps to combat the sale of stolen goods by alerting the second-hand trade of ownership through the unique markings you have put on your property. We recommend you register your property and details for free on the Immobilise website at Secure Asset Register. This website is used by many police forces throughout the country to help identify the owner of the lost and stolen goods.

We also recommend you keep a register of your property and record the items details.Whichever property marking method you chose, police recommend the use of window stickers to advertise the fact that you have marked and registered your possessions.

What do I need to do now?

- Identify possessions that you want to mark.
- Choose the method most suitable for your property. Purchase the relevant property marking product. Mark your property.
- Record property details in this booklet as well as on the Secure Asset Register website.
- Place a property marking window sticker near your front or back door.







MONTHLY THEMES- MARCH

Rural affairs



Farm machinery, plant and vehicle theft

Why is this important?

Latest figures show that the theft of agricultural plant and vehicles continues to increase, with a surge in the theft of smaller vehicles such as quad bikes, tractors and navigations systems. This has a financial and emotional impact on rural businesses and their families, impacting on animal welfare and food production.

What do you need to do?

Farmers and members of the public should be vigilant in the countryside reporting any suspicious activity to the police noting vehicle details and descriptions.

How can you prevent this?

- Enjoy the countryside and help protect farmers by following the countryside code.
- Keep a record of serial numbers, photograph equipment showing identity & unique features.
- Immobilise vehicles and machinery in a lockable building with the keys removed and secured.
- Utilise property marking and fit trackers. Remove tractor GPS systems when not in use.
- Anyone able to offer information is asked to email 101@dc.police.uk, call 101 or Call crimestoppers anonymously 08007 830 137.
- Join Devon & Cornwall Alert and farm watch so that we can tell you what is happening in your area.

The Devon and Cornwall police rural affairs team have produced a calendar which highlights rural issues throughout the year to focus problem solving activity for police, partners and public with key messages and prevention activity.







MONTHLY THEMES- MARCH

Rural affairs



Fuel and Battery theft

Why is this important?

On farms, fuel and batteries are one of the most likely things to be targeted by criminals. Thefts often increase during the longer nights with the extended cover of darkness giving more opportunities. Unprotected tanks can be emptied in minutes using basic methods causing both financial and emotional impacts on farmers and businesses.

What do you need to do?

Reduce fuel theft with simple crime prevention measures. Working together, land owners, rural businesses and members of the public should be vigilant reporting any suspicious activity to the police - noting vehicle details, descriptions and an accurate location.

How can you prevent this?

- Landowners and managers, where possible, should secure gates and block unused entrances.
- · Protect fuel and batteries with locks, lighting, CCTV and fencing.
- Store machinery, tanks and batteries out of sight where possible.
- Consider the use of signage or other means to prevent cold callers to farms and businesses.
- Notify the police using 999 if you suspect an offence is being committed.
- If you have any information please email 101@dc.police.uk, call the non-emergency number, 101 or call Crimestoppers anonymously on 08007830137.
- Join Devon & Cornwall Alert, Watch schemes and local social media groups so that you can find out what is happening in your area.

The Devon and Cornwall police rural affairs team have produced a calendar which highlights rural issues throughout the year to focus problem solving activity for police, partners and public with key messages and prevention activity.





NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE PARTY.





What is Happening:

North and West Devon have seen an increase in Rural Acquisitive Crime this month. Particularly in and around Holsworthy and South Molton.



LOCK IT OR LOSE IT

What is being Targeted:

Police have received reports of thefts where plant machinery, farm vehicles, ATV / quad bikes, generators, construction equipment, agricultural guidance systems & tools have been stolen

Crime Prevention:

- If you aren't using your tractor for precision field work for a while, remove the satellite receiver
- Removed keys from plant machinery/farm vehicles
- Mark and register equipment, tools, and machinery
- Secure your gates and access points
- Where possible lock equipment away when not in use

What to Look Out For:

Contact Police with information if:

- Vehicles are seen acting suspiciously in gateways, farms, industrial/construction sites
 Suspicious/dumped plant machinery, quad bikes, farm vehicles
- Email: 101@dc.police.uk or call 101 In an emergency or crime in progress call 999

Scan to Download or View Advice ...











Hello all, I hope you had a lovely month. I would just like to bring to your attention some of the work that has been taking place within the rural areas surrounding Teignmouth and Dawlish by your local team.

ATV (All-Terrain Vehicle), fuel and metal theft.

Farms are being targeted by criminal gangs looking for scrap metal, batteries and fuel. When it comes to avoiding metal theft, we suggest:

- Regularly reviewing the perimeter fencing and gates security checking for holes and weak spots which could allow people access.
- Improving visibility by cutting back vegetation, moving bins or improving the lighting.
- Ensuring any materials or equipment stored near to buildings does not allow easy access to the roof. Anticlimb paint or physical barriers can be used to prevent access, but all anti-climb devices must be clearly signposted to comply with the Occupiers Liability Act 1984.
- Not leaving any scrap metals lying around which could tempt thieves.
- Using a forensic solution to mark any lead warning signs saying forensic marking has been used should be displayed.

Your local Neighbourhood Team will be looking to offer a property marking service in due course. If this is something you are interested in, please make suitable contact with Clarke and Saul via email or at one of your local PACT meetings (see your Parish social media platforms and/or local notice boards for further details)

In addition, we have reported a "marked increase" in quadbike and ATV theft reports in Devon.

They offer the following tips:

- Consider your layered security.
- Get a tracker fitted.
- Be vigilant for suspicious people and vehicles near your farm.
- Remove the keys from the ignition.

For non-emergencies and to report crime to the police call 101 or email <u>101@dc.police.uk</u> or in an emergency call 999.



Catalytic Converter Theft

Organised criminals can remove catalytic converters from under a vehicle in a matter of minutes.

Catalytic converters contain precious metals such as rhodium, platinum and palladium which 'clean' exhaust gases. The sharp rise in the value of these metals over recent years has driven up the rate of catalytic converter theft. Palladium is currently more valuable than gold, meaning that a catalytic converter can sell for more than £500 on the black market.

If you have information on those behind catalytic converter theft, contact Police via '999', '101' or contact Crimestoppers 100% anonymously on <u>CRIMESTOPPERS FREE ON 0800 555 111 OR REPORT ONLINE</u> <u>https://crimestoppers-uk.org/give-information/forms/give-information-anonymously</u>

HOW TO TELL IF SOMEONE IS SELLING A STOLEN CONVERTER

Under the **<u>Scrap Metal Dealers Act of 2013</u>**, dealers must verify the name and address of the supplier and record a receipt of the exchange, and must not pay cash for scrap metal. Those selling stolen catalytic converters may:

- Want to be paid in cash and make no record of the transaction.
- Refuse to provide proof of identity.
- Refuse to disclose where the devices came from.

Here are some steps you can take to reduce the risk of your vehicle being targeted:

- Avoid parking half on the pavement, half on the road, as this may provide thieves with easier access to the underside of your vehicle.
- Park your vehicle in a locked garage whenever possible.
- Try to park in busy, well-lit areas, or areas covered by CCTV.
- Install an under-car alarm system.
- Ask your garage to tell you your catalytic converter's serial number, and make a note of it.
- Consider purchasing forensic liquid and using it to mark your catalytic converter.
- Place a protective covering over your catalytic converter.
- If you have a fleet of vehicles, try to restrict access to high ground clearance vehicles by blocking them with lower vehicles.

What should I do if my catalytic converter is stolen?

- Driving without a catalytic converter is illegal, as your vehicle will produce emissions above the permitted standard, which means police can issue drivers with a fine of up to £1,000 if a catalytic converter is missing.
- You should be able to tell if your car's catalytic converter has been stolen when starting up, as the exhaust will likely sound much louder.
- On discovery of the theft, do not drive your car. Instead contact your local police station and your insurance provider to arrange a repair.



Green Laning

What is green laning?

Green laning or trail riding is the recreational use of minor unsurfaced roads, public rights of way where vehicular rights exist. As all these routes are legally carriageways green laner bikes need to be road legal, including having number plates, silencers, tax, MOT and insurance.

It is a criminal offence to ride/drive a motor vehicle on any public right of way other than a road, Byway or approved track.

If you are caught riding or driving a motor vehicle on a Public Footpath or Bridleway you will be issued with a Section 59 (Police Reform Act 2002) warning for using your vehicle in an Anti-Social Manner.

If you are riding or driving your vehicle on a Public Footpath or Bridleway your vehicle must still be insured, taxed and MOT'd so that you are covered in case you have an accident while riding or driving there. If you do not have these then your vehicle will be seized and you will need to pay to get it back.

A Byway Open to All Traffic (BOAT) is a highway over which the public have a right of way for vehicular and all other kinds of traffic but which is used by the public mainly for the purposes for which footpaths and bridleways are used (i.e. walking, cycling or horse riding).

An unclassified county road (UCR) is an obsolete expression and is no indication of a right of way, although they may be maintained and repaired at public expense by local highway authorities. The surfaces of these routes can vary from broken tarmac and gravel to only grass, often having the appearance of byways.





Rural Affairs - Devon 🤣 @DCPoliceRural_D

To help stay legal, please see our handy guide for planning your route. If you want to go #greenlaning, it's important to know & understand public #RightsOfWay (PRoW). Here we show the #waymarkers you may find on gate/signposts & how the PRoW will appear on an @OrdnanceSurvey map





Private land

If you are riding off-road on private land you must have the permission of the land owner to be there. How to tell the difference between the different types of public rights of way:

Public Footpath:

these have **Yellow** Waymarkers (a small arrow sign).
 Public have the right to access these on foot ONLY.
 Public Bridleway

- these have **Blue** Waymarkers. Public have access to these on foot, horseback or bicycle. Public Restricted Byway

- these have **Purple** Waymarkers. Public have access to these on foot, horseback, bicycle or horse-drawn carriage Public Byway

- these have **Red** Waymarkers. Public have access to these on foot, horseback, bicycle or vehicle including horse-drawn carriage, motorcycle or other motor vehicle.

Types of path

There are four types of path and you can use different paths for different activities. They are signposted from the roadside, with markers along the route. You should always keep to the marked route.



Footpaths are marked with yellow arrows Only walkers can use footpaths



Bridleways are marked with blue arrows Walkers, horse riders and cyclists can use bridleways





Walkers, horse riders, cyclists and horse and cart can use bridleways. Cars and motorcycles are not allowed

Byways are marked with red arrows Walkers, horse riders, cyclists, car users, motorcyclists and horse and cart can all use byways

If you see any vehicles being driven in an anti-social manner or being used on any roads/byways that they shouldn't be on, please contact Clarke or Saul accordingly or in the event of an emergency contact '999' or '101'.



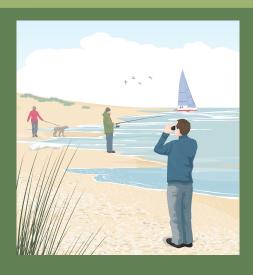
SAUL'S CORNER



Please see next month's edition due to annual leave

Dawlish Warren Code

A guide for visitors to Dawlish Warren





Dawlish Warren

Welcome to Dawlish Warren, a beautiful part of the Devon coast and an internationally important site for wildlife.

The Warren is a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), a Special Area of Conservation (SAC), a National Nature Reserve (NNR) and forms part of the Exe Estuary Special Protection Area (SPA) and Ramsar site. It includes the main roosting area for the Estuary's birds and has over 600 types of British wild plant.

A variety of water activities take place around the Exe Estuary. Without great care some activities can disturb wildlife.



Local Wildlife

Ringed Plover

Identified by their black mask and necklace.

Eelgrass

The primary feeding ground for wintering wildfowl on the estuary.





Dawlish Warren is important for birds all year round as a feeding, resting and breeding area. In winter thousands of birds escape the cold of the arctic to spend the winter on the Exe. In spring and autumn, the Warren is a vital resting area for birds travelling between Africa and the Arctic Circle. Birds also use the beach for nesting in the summer.

Why is it important to prevent bird disturbance?

Disturbance is any activity or noise that could change behaviours of an animal. When birds are disturbed they are prevented from resting and eating, which can mean they have to use lots of scarce energy. It can be a matter of life and death for the birds, who may already be exhausted from flying 3,000 miles or even more.

Visitors are welcome at the Warren, but all users are asked to avoid the most important areas for birds. Please keep a distance of 100m from birds, especially during winter. Details of areas to avoid, including the Wildlife Refuge, can be found on the enclosed map.

Sand Lizard

A legally protected reptile that thrives on sand dunes.

Wigeon

Can be identified by their round chestnut head and small bill.

Avoid disturbing wildlife and ensure any dogs are kept on leads (dogs are not allowed anywhere on the Warren mudflats).





To make sure the site can be enjoyed by future generations please:

- Follow this code and observe Nature Reserve byelaws and signage.
- o Talk to the Rangers when you visit they can help you make the most out of your trip.
- Use dog-friendly areas: dogs are welcome on the beach between groyne 3 and 9 all year round, but restrictions are in place in other areas.
- Always keep pets under effective control.
- Always bag and bin your dog's poo it can affect water quality and is not pleasant for other visitors. Any litter bin will do!
- Keep noise to a minimum.
- Use dedicated access points and keep to paths please do not climb fences.
- Leave driftwood on the beach it is a protected habitat in its own right.
- Don't light fires or barbecues anywhere on site, fire is a great danger to people and wildlife.
- Only use the designated landing area on Warren Point, from I April – 4 September, no launching or landing elsewhere.
- Fish wisely: avoid waste, return unwanted fish and don't discard tackle. Observe local regulations, such as minimum landing sizes (for more information, visit www.devonandsevernifca.gov.uk).

No drones are permitted at Dawlish Warren without written consent.

Permission is needed from Teignbridge District Council to hold any organised activities on Dawlish Warren and many require Natural England consent.

Please be aware that it is an offence to intentionally or recklessly disturb the wildlife in an SSSI or to damage or disturb land known to be an SSSI. It is also an offence to take down, damage or obstruct an SSSI notice or sign.

For further information, Exe leaflets and other codes of conduct, visit the **Exe Estuary Management Partnership** website at www.exe-estuary.org or contact the Exe Estuary Officer at exeestua@devon.gov.uk.



Join Devon Loves Dogs!

It's free to join and as a member you'll receive a FREE welcome pack and be the first to hear about events for you and your dog. www.devonlovesdogs.co.uk



The Nature Reserve is jointly owned by Teignbridge District Council and Devon Wildlife Trust. Teignbridge Rangers manage the Reserve on a day-to-day basis.

DAWLISH WARREN VISITOR CENTRE	01626 863980
EXE ESTUARY MANAGEMENT PARTNERSHIP	
Exe Estuary Officer	01392 382236
SAFETY/POLLUTION	
Coastguard	999
J	or VHF Ch16
HARBOUR AUTHORITY (River & Canal Office)	
Office hours	01392 265791
Out of hours emergency	0845 3511060
FISHERIES	
Devon and Severn Inshore Fisheries & Conservation Authority (D&SIFCA)	

WILDLIFE

Natural England – Devon Office 0300 060 3900 Injured marine mammals (BDMLR) 01825 765546 SEDHRP Mitigation habitatmitigation@eastdevon.gov.uk Officers



Don't put yourself or others at risk, be aware of the dangers from rising tides, soft mud and strong currents. Do not swim or use inflatables anywhere beyond groyne 3 - the current here is very fast and there are water craft.

• In an emergency dial 999 and ask for the Coastguard

These codes have been produced by the Exe **Estuary Management Partnership and South East Devon Habitat Regulations Partnership, supported** by local users and organisations.



SOUTH EAST DEVON HABITAT REGULATIONS PARTNERSHIP



Issue I - April 2018



Dawlish Warren is a designated National Nature Reserve, established to protect some of our most important wildlife, habitats and geology. It is a key feeding and high-tide roosting area for protected birds. Disturbance in this area means that birds may not survive, particularly in autumn and winter.

As well as being the most sensitive area for wildlife, Warren Point is the most valuable area of mobile dunes on the reserve. Fragile and rare plants like Sea Holly are found here.



Dawlish Warren Wildlife Refuge

Dawlish Warren has been identified as one of two areas on the estuary that are particularly vital for protected birds. These voluntary areas are known as Wildlife Refuges. During winter, thousands of birds rest and feed on the mudflats and eelgrass beds of the Warren, during their long migratory journeys.

- All users are asked to avoid the Wildlife Refuge where safe to do so, all year round at all tidal states, due to its importance as a high tide resting area.
- For shore activities, such as angling and bait digging, please stay north of Cockwood Steps and the southern tip of the wreck.
- A limited number of crab tilers are permitted to carry out their activity within part of the Wildlife Refuge, in adherence to the D&SIFCA byelaw and Bait Collectors' code of conduct. More information can be found at www.exewildliferefuge.org.uk.
- Eales Dock are permitted to have continued access via Shutterton Creek by agreement.
- Please note that there is a byelaw in place for statutory exclusion of dog walkers on the mudflats of the Nature Reserve.

Warren Point

- All visitors are asked to avoid the beach past groyne 9 for approximately three hours either side of high tide on certain days during September to March (check on-site signage). In summer, from I April to 31 August, this area can be fished at any time.
- All craft are asked to try to avoid navigating close to Warren Point around high tide period (approx. three hours either side of high tide) all year round, except where safety may be affected. (The recommended distance for craft is around 100m from the high tide line).

Craft are welcome to land in the **'Defined Landing Area'** (Soft Sand Bay) between 1 April and 4 September only. All craft are requested to avoid landing outside this area or outside of these dates.

Where to Walk Your Dog at Dawlish Warren

Signs will show you where dogs can walk. There are also groynes (wooden structures) along the beach which will help to mark out different areas. Please note that these areas are in place through local byelaws, so penalties can be given out to owners who do not observe them.

Other Dog-friendly Areas:

Dawlish Countryside Park is a 65 acre public open space with wild countryside walks. Opened in 2017, this offers an excellent exercise area for dogs off-lead and a free car park on site. The park can be found on the outskirts of Dawlish near EX7 0PA.

The Exe Estuary Trail provides a fantastic scenic route around the entire Exe Estuary for a range of users. Always keep dogs under effective control on a short lead and consider those who are wary or nervous around dogs. Remember to 'Share This Space' by being considerate of other users of the trail, more information can be found at

www.traveldevon.info/cycle/safe-cycling/share-this-space

Key for Paw Prints



Dogs welcome off lead



Dogs on lead or seasonal restrictions



Sorry – no dogs

